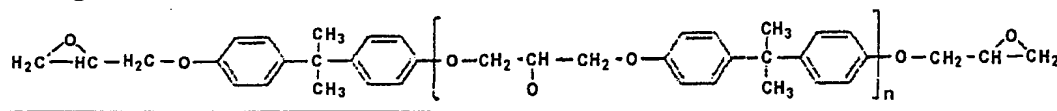


AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend the specification by rewriting the following paragraphs, as set forth below in marked-up form.

Please amend the paragraph on page 13, lines 10-16 as follows:

--Among the epoxy resins available by the reaction between a polyphenol compound and epichlorohydrin, those derived from bisphenol A and represented by the following formula:



wherein n stands for 0 to 8 are preferred.--

Please amend the specification from page 46, line 14 to page 47, line 16 as follows:

--Preparation Example 9: Curing Agent (No. 2)

"COSMONATE M-200" (270 ~~parts g~~) and 25 ~~parts g~~ of methyl isobutyl ketone were added to a reaction vessel. The resulting mixture was heated to 70°C. After 15 ~~parts g~~ of 2,2-dimethylbutane was added in portions and 118 ~~parts g~~ of ethylene glycol monobutyl ether was added dropwise, the mixture was reacted at 70°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was cooled and 152 ~~parts g~~ of propylene glycol was added thereto.

While keeping the temperature, sampling was conducted time-dependently. The disappearance of the absorption of unreacted isocyanate was confirmed by infrared absorption spectrum, whereby a curing agent No. 2 having a solid content of 90% was

obtained.

Preparation Example 10: Curing Agent 3

A curing agent No. 3 having a solid content of 90% was obtained by adding dropwise 174 ~~parts-g~~ of methyl ethyl ketoxime to 222 g of isophorone diisocyanate and 44 g of methyl isobutyl ketone at 50°C.

Preparation of Emulsion for Cationic Coating Composition

Preparation Example 11: Emulsion No. 1

After uniformly stirring a mixture of 87.5 ~~parts-g~~ (70 ~~parts-g~~ in terms of a resin content) of Base resin No. 1, 33.3 g (30 g in terms of a resin content) of Curing agent No. 1 and 13 ~~parts-g~~ of 10% acetic acid, deionized water was added dropwise in about 15 minutes while vigorously stirring the reaction mixture, whereby Emulsion No. 1 having a solid content of 34% was obtained.--

Please amend Table 1, Table 2, and Table 3 as follows (starting on page 4 of this amendment)

Table 1: Emulsion Composition

Composi- tion (Ep = Epoxy Resin)	Emulsion									
	Prep. Ex. 11 No. 1	Prep. Ex. 12 No. 2	Prep. Ex. 13 No. 3	Prep. Ex. 14 No. 4	Prep. Ex. 15 No. 5	Prep. Ex. 16 No. 6	Prep. Ex. 17 No. 7	Prep. Ex. 18 No. 8	Prep. Ex. 19 No. 9	Prep. Ex. 20 No. 10
Base resin No. 1 (solid content: 80% by wt.) Xylene formaldehyde resin	87.5* (70) ±					87.5* (70) ±	87.5* (70) ±			
Base resin No. 2 (solid content: 80% by wt.) Xylene formaldehyde resin		87.5* (70) ±								
Base resin No. 3 (solid content: 80% by wt.) Polyol-modified Ep			87.5* (70) ±							
Base resin No. 4 (solid content: 80% by wt.) Nonylphenol-added polyol modified Ep				87.5* (70) ±						
Base resin No. 5 (solid content: 80% by wt.) Benzoic-acid-added polyol-modified Ep					87.5* (70) ±					

(3) IPDI-Ox = isophorone diisocyanate blocked by an oxime compound

Table 2: Composition of Pigment Dispersed Paste

Pigment dispersed paste	Preparation Example 21	Preparation Example 22
	No. 1	No. 2
Epoxy quaternary ammonium type dispersing resin	5.83* (3.5)†	5.83* (3.5)†
Titanium oxide	14.5*	14.5*
Purified clay	7*	7*
Bismuth hydroxide	1*	3*
Diocetyl tin oxide	1*	1*
Carbon black	0.4*	0.4*
Deionized water	20.1*	21.8*
Solid content: 55% by wt.	49.8* (27.4)†	53.5* (29.4)†

* = parts by weight

† = parts by weight in terms of resin content

Table 3-1: Compositions of Cationic Coatings Properties of Coating Film-Test Results

	Cationic coating										Comp. Ex. 3	
	Ex. 1	Ex. 2	Ex. 3	Ex. 4	Ex. 5	Ex. 6	Ex. 7	Comp. Ex. 1	Comp. Ex. 2	Comp. Ex. 3		
Composi- tion	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10		
	Emulsion No. 1 (Base resin No. 1, Curing agent No. 1)	297*										
	Emulsion No. 2 (Base resin No. 2, Curing agent No. 1)	297*										
	Emulsion No. 3 (Base resin No. 3, Curing agent No. 2)		297*									
	Emulsion No. 4 (Base resin No. 4, Curing agent No. 1)			297*								
	Emulsion No. 5 (Base resin No. 5, Curing agent No. 1)				297*							
	Emulsion No. 6 (Base resin No. 1, Curing agent No. 2)					297*						
	Emulsion No. 7 (Base resin No. 1, Curing agent No. 3)						297*					
	Emulsion No. 8 (Base resin No. 6 Curing agent No. 1)							297*				
	Emulsion No. 9 (Base resin No. 6, Curing agent No. 2)								297*			
	Emulsion No. 10 (Base resin No. 6, Curing agent No. 3)									297*		
	Pigment-dispersed paste No. 1	49.8*	49.8*	49.8*	49.8*	49.8*	49.8*		49.8*			
	Pigment-dispersed paste No. 2							53.5*		53.5*		
Deionized water												
20% Cationic coating												

* = parts by weight

Table 3-2: Compositions of Cationic Coatings Properties of Coating Film Test Results

Properties of coating film	Glass transition point (°C) *2	80*	82*	78*	82*	85*	72*	65*	55*	56*	48*
	Oxygen permeability *3 (×10 ⁻¹²) cc·cm/cm ² ·sec·cmHg	4.1*	5.6*	6.2*	5.8*	5.3*	8.1*	11.5*	56.2*	58.5*	60.3*
	Adhesion (kg/cm ²) *4	5.1*	5.0*	4.8*	4.8*	4.7*	3.5*	3.1*	2.7*	2.8*	2.3*
	Corrosion resistance *5	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	C
Test results	Resistance against hot salt-water immersion *6	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	C
	Exposure corrosion resistance *7	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
	Finish property (horizontal surface) *8	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B

* = parts by weight